

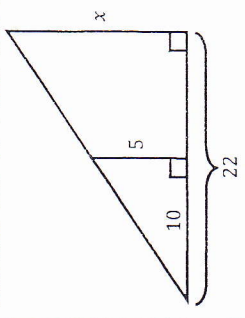
NOTES 8.2: INDIRECT MEASUREMENT

Objective: I can use similar polygons to solve problems involving indirect measurement.

SIMILAR POLYGONS: Polygons that have the same shape but different size.

Similar triangles can be used in INDIRECT MEASUREMENT.

EXAMPLE 1: Find the value of 'x'.

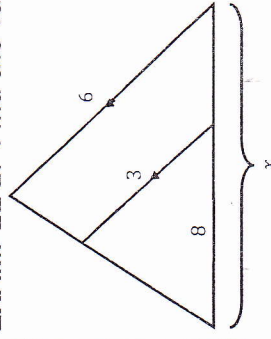


$$\frac{5}{10} = \frac{x}{22}$$

$$10x = 110$$

$$x = 11$$

EXAMPLE 2: Find the value of 'x'.

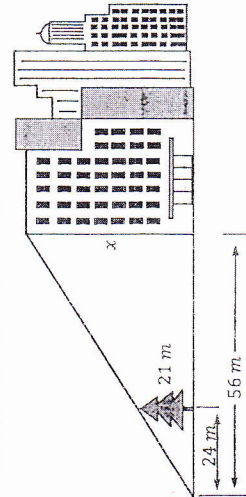


$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{6}{x}$$

$$3x = 48$$

$$x = 16$$

EXAMPLE 3: Solve for 'x'.



$$\frac{21}{24} = \frac{x}{56}$$

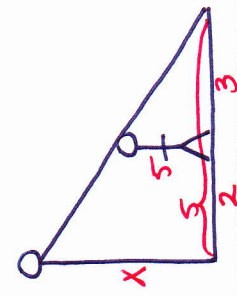
$$24x = 1176$$

$$x = 49$$

$$49 \text{ m}$$

Draw a Picture!

EXAMPLE 4: When Stephanie stands 2 feet from a lamp post, her shadow is 3 feet long. If Stephanie is 5 feet tall, how tall is the lamp post?



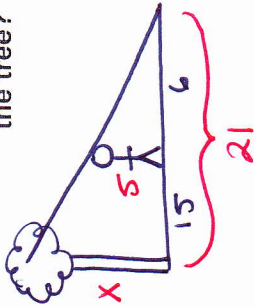
$$\frac{5}{3} = \frac{x}{5}$$

$$3x = 25$$

$$x = \frac{25}{3}$$

$$\frac{25}{3} \text{ ft} = 8\frac{1}{3} \text{ ft}$$

EXAMPLE 5: Charlie walks away from a tree along its shadow until his head is in line with the top of the tree's shadow. Charlie is standing 15 feet from the base of the tree and 6 feet from the end of the shadow. Charlie is 5 feet tall. What is the height of the tree?



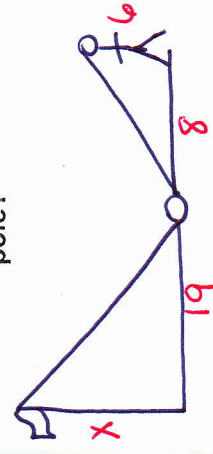
$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{x}{21}$$

$$6x = 105$$

$$x = \frac{35}{2}$$

$$\frac{35}{2} \text{ ft} = 17\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft}$$

EXAMPLE 6: A mirror is on the ground 8 ft from Ricky and 19 ft from a flag pole. Ricky can see the top of the pole in the mirror. If Ricky is 6 ft tall, how tall is the flag pole?



$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{x}{19}$$

$$8x = 114$$

$$x = \frac{57}{4}$$

$$\frac{57}{4} \text{ ft} = 14\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft}$$