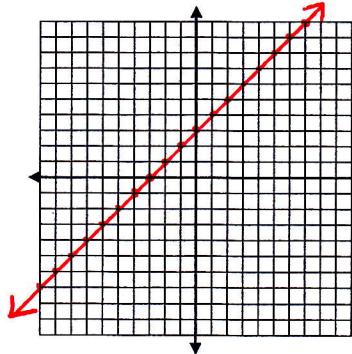
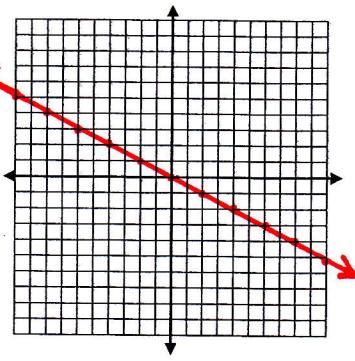


6.1 – CHANGING TO THE FORM $y = mx + b$

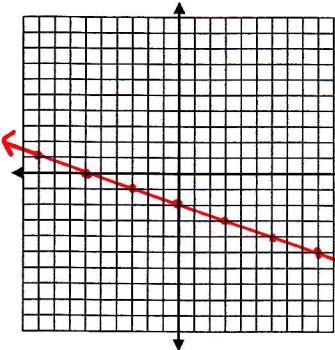
1. $x + y = 3$
 $y = -x + 3$
 $m = -1$
 $b = 3$



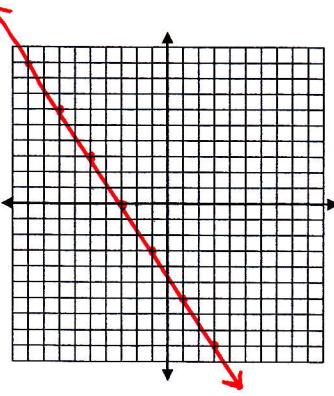
4. $3y = 6x$
 $y = 2x$
 $m = 2$
 $b = 0$



2. $3x - y = -6$
 $-y = -3x - 6$
 $y = 3x + 6$
 $m = 3$
 $b = 6$



3. $2x - 3y = -9$
 $\frac{-3}{-3}y = \frac{-2x - 9}{-3}$
 $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 3$
 $m = \frac{2}{3}$
 $b = 3$



- Which ordered pairs are solutions of each equation?
 5. $2x - 5y = 1$ Plug each ordered pair in!
- (a) $(-7, -3)$ $2(-7) - 5(-3) = 1$
 $-14 + 15 = 1$
 $1 = 1$
 - (b) $(7, 3)$ $2(7) - 5(3) = 1$
 $14 - 15 = 1$
 $-1 = 1$
 - (c) $(2, 1)$ $2(2) - 5(1) = 1$
 $4 - 5 = 1$
 $-1 \neq 1$
 - (d) $(-2, -1)$ $2(-2) - 5(-1) = 1$
 $-4 + 5 = 1$
 $1 = 1$

6. $3x + 2y = 11$
- (a) $(1, 3)$ $3(1) + 2(3) = 11$
 $3 + 6 = 11$
 $9 \neq 11$
 - (b) $(3, 1)$ $3(3) + 2(1) = 11$
 $9 + 2 = 11$
 $11 = 11$
 - (c) $(5, -2)$ $3(-1) + 2(4) = 11$
 $-3 + 8 = 11$
 $5 \neq 11$
 - (d) $(-1, 4)$ $3(-1) + 2(-2) = 11$
 $-3 - 4 = 11$
 $-7 \neq 11$