16.1 - Laws of Exponents I

Evaluate the following.

1.
$$(-3^3)^2 =$$

2.
$$4 \cdot 4^2 =$$

3.
$$(2^3 \cdot 2^2)^4 =$$

4.
$$2 \cdot (2^4)^3 =$$

Simplify the following.

5.
$$(x^3)^4 =$$

6.
$$2x \cdot x^3 =$$

7.
$$(3x^2)(2x^3) =$$

8.
$$(4x^3y^2)^2 =$$

9.
$$(x^4)^3 =$$

$$10.x^3 \cdot -4x^4 =$$

11.
$$(2xy^4z^2)^6 =$$

$$12.3x^2(3xy^3)^2 =$$

13. (52	$(x)^0 =$
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 $14.4x^3 \cdot 4xy^0 =$

15.
$$(x^4)(x^{k-4}) =$$

 $16.(4x^3y^2z)^3(-4x^5y^4z^3) =$

Use the laws of exponents to solve the following equations.

17.	3^x	· 3 ⁴	$= 3^9$)

 $18.(4^x)^2 = 4^{10}$

$$19.5^{3x+3} \cdot 5^{-2x} = 5^{-3x-1}$$

 $20.(7^{4x-2})^3 = 7^6$

21. What is the area of this square with sides of $4x^3y^2$?

$$A = s^2$$

